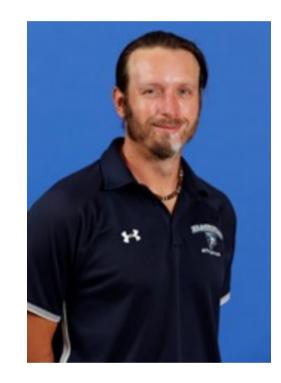
8 WEEK OFF-SEASON PROGRAM

START TO FINISH PLAN FOR THE SPEED AND POWER ATHLETE

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INTRODUCTION

Now that the high school season is finished, it's important to take some time to recover from the dense competitive schedule that makes up most high school seasons. While taking time to recover from competition, finding a way to make it simple to maintain some sharpness while advancing the necessary physical fitness components to progress as a power/speed athlete in preparation for next season.



David Stone is entering his 14th year coaching Track and Field. Over this time Coach Stone has coached various events but his true passion lies into coaching the horizontal and vertical jumps.

Coach Stone currently coaches at Elmhurst University where over the past seven years has development one of the deepest and most well rounded jumps porgrams in division III.

Niko Karaovolos is also entering his 14th year coaching track and field as well as his 11th year in Strength and Conditioning.

He is currently the sprints and horizontal jumps coach at York High School as well as the Owner and Operator of Ignite Athletics. Coach Karavolos has guided York to the most rapid success in the sprints program in school history.



Specific Warm Ups

Warming up is crucial to the performance and health of your athletes. We believe in having multiple warm up options prepared for different types of workouts. This allows you to prep the body with specific movements and patterns which will act as a potentiation mechanism as well as a movement screen for both you and your athlete. This is why we believe in having a power-based warm up for acceleration and maximum velocity workouts, tempo days are potentiated through more metabolic preparation, and our general strength recovery day warm ups are suited for movement literacy, tissue decongestion and joint health maintenance.

Warm Up 1 - Acceleration warm up

Warming up specifically for acceleration involves two main components:

- 1. Prepping the nervous system for large power outputs
- 2. Working on horizontal-based patterns with slightly longer ground contact times.

Using the warm up to gradually increase the amount of power output helps ramp up the athlete's nervous system while at the same time gradually exposing them to larger forces in order to allow them to systematically check their body and make sure they are fully prepared to perform in the subsequent workout.

Following the acceleration focused warm up, we will include some potentiation opportunities to let the athlete to continue to ramp up to the required intensities. This is best seen through the lens of what athletes do on meet day which usually involves several strides after a warm up, some block starts or approach runs, and maybe a shortened rehearsal of the event. Baking that sequence into the warm up allows the athlete to practice event preparation and removes question marks and "freestyling" on meet day.

Warm Up 2 - MaxV warm up

Warming up for maximum velocity work is similar to warming up for acceleration, with the change that distances should be extended to allow for more upright and vertical-based sprinting.

The athlete needs to be provided more time to develop rhythm and assess their body in order to be prepared for highest possible power outputs.

Aside from ground contacts in jumping events, maximum velocity sprinting will provide the largest ground forces a track athlete will experience. Proper preparation and screening will ensure that the athlete is ready and can train long term.

Warm Up 3 - Tempo Prep

Preparing to run tempo workouts, both intensive and extensive variations, is somewhat different from acceleration and maximum velocity preparation.

In extensive and intensive tempo the athlete experiences lower force outputs, but much higher demands metabolically.

This is reflected in the elongated distances of accelerations and warm up drills. Our goal in creating more metabolic demand in the warm up is to allow the athlete to stabilize their energy systems prior to engaging in the workout.

Stabilized energy production will prevent the risk of crashing and be more similar to a meet day preparation routine.

TRAINING THEMES

ACCELERATION V. MAXIMUM VELOCITY (MaxV)

Acceleration and maximum velocity are very closely linked, the ability to reach maximum velocity does not exist without the ability to accelerate - meaning you can train acceleration without reaching maximum velocity, but cannot train maximum velocity without some form of acceleration. There are marked differences between the two and can help guide the direction of training. Acceleration involves longer ground contact times, more power output and less force attenuation which allows for higher volumes of acceleration training relative to maximum velocity (tl;dr - maxV beats you up more and takes more out of the central nervous system than acceleration).

When training acceleration intent is the most important factor, you must express extreme aggression when training acceleration. When training maximum velocity it's important to focus on the technical execution.

Acceleration Starting Positions

Starting from multiple different starting positions over the course of a season allows gradual development of the necessary muscle coordination while preserving the intensity needed to perform accelerations successfully.

- High 2-Point Standing tall, feet split/arms split
- Low 2-Point Feet/arms split, bent somewhat at the waist
- Low 2-Point Arms Hang Bent at the waist, arms hanging straight down (similar to in a block). Allows the practice of splitting the arms at a start
- 3-Point/Crouch Feet split, one hand on the ground (hand opposite the front foot)
- 4-point a full block start set up without the block
- Drop-in acceleration skipping into a start to simulate the transition phase of acceleration

TRAINING THEMES

Intensive vs Extensive Tempo Training

There can be many different arguments made for and against the use of both intensive and extensive tempo training. Tempo training in the context of this off-season programming has a couple purposes: race modeling, rhythm/coordination, metabolic support for training. Rhythm/Coordination - developing/maintaining the ability to execute proper technical shapes and frequencies under a fatigued state Race Modeling - working on developing the shape and rhythm of a sprint race while also becoming mentally prepared for the physical/mental demands of a race Metabolic support - developing/maintaining the metabolic attributes that are required to execute repetitive training bouts and recover between bouts of exertion. Intensive training is focused on the required intensities of training. Extensive will be sub-maximal intensity repeated bouts of training focused on metabolic development and recovery between bouts.

Recovery Weeks

Recovery weeks are included as a means to consolidate training adaptations. However, the entire week is not a "rest" week. The recovery weeks include decreased volume and increased intensities. These are intended as weeks that allow the athlete to most express their fitness and test/re-test their physical attributes.

Time Trials

Time trials are the athlete's opportunity to tap into competition level intensities. They should be performed with competition prep in mind. Make it feel as much like a track meet as possible.

Auxiliary Topics

Potentiation

Allowing the athlete time between warming up and performing the workout to provide some time for potentiation. Potentiation is an activity that primes the nervous system to perform at the necessary intensities. Each athlete has their own set of needs to address, but providing some time between a warm and a maximum velocity workout to include extra strides, accelerations, or movements that allow the athlete to be explosive can help them reach closer to their potential during work sets. These activities can be as simple as vertical jumps, skips, bounds, med ball throws or sprints. They can also be as complex as adding weightlifting components to the time between warming up and working out. It's a good practice to start with menu items that are simple and can be completed in most environments before attempting to add complexity.

Weightlifting

Ideally, weight lifting sessions will occur after running sessions. If this is the case, there really is not much of a need to warm up. Performing a multi-jump set between the track and the weight room will help create the transition from fluid sprinting into the systemic stiffness that is desirable in the weight room. If the lifting session occurs separate from the track session, an additional warm up would be ideal in order to prepare the body for the demands in the weight room.

Acceleration Warm Up - Horizontal			MaxV Warm Up - Vertical			Extensive Warm Up - Metabolic			
	Saggital	10-20 reps total		Saggital	10-20 reps tota	10-20 reps total	Saggital	10-20 reps	
	Transverse	10-20 reps total		Transverse	10-20 reps total		Transverse	total 10-20	
Torso Activation Spinal / Hip movement Slow and intentional torso movment	Frontal	10-20 reps total		Frontal	10-20 reps total7	orso Activation	Frontal	reps total 10-	
	Saggital	10-20 reps total	Torso Activation	Saggital			Saggital	20 reps total	
	Transverse	10-20 reps total	Spinal / Hip movement Slow and intentional torso	Transverse	10-20 reps total	Spinal Adintenayement rso	Transverse	10-20 reps	
	Frontal	10-20 reps total	movment	Frontal	10-20 reps totalr	novment	Frontal	total 10-20	
								reps total 10-	
	Forward	20-		Forward	10-	Dynamic Mobility Movement based warm up Move from low to high intensity	Forward	30-reps total	
	Sideways	30m		Sideways	20m		Sideways	40m	
	Backward	20-		Backward	10-		Backward	30-	
	Forward	30m		Forward	20m		Forward	40m	
Dynamic Mobility	Sideways	20-	Dynamic Mobility	Sideways	10-		Sideways	30-	
Movement based warm up Move from low to high intensity	Backward	30m	Movement based warm up Move from low to high intensity	Backward	20m		Backward	40m	
Prove from tow to high intensity		20-	Prove from tow to high intensity		10-	Prove from tow to high intensity		30-	
	Multi Throws	30m 2-3*5-8 reps		Multi Throws	20m 2-3*5-8 reps		Multi Throws	40m 3-5*8-10 reps	
Potentiation/Preparation	Bounds/Skips	20-3*20-40m	Potentiation/Preparation	Bounds/Skips	10- 5-8*10-20m	Potentiation/Preparation	Bounds/Skips	30-5-8*20-30m	
Highest intensity warm up	bourius/skips	30m	Highest intensity warm up not quite workout intensity yet	bourius/ 3kips	20m	Highest intensity warm up	bourius/3kips	40m	
not quite workout intensity yet		20-	not quite workout intensity yet		10-	not quite workout intensity yet		30-	
Evereice Library		30m			20m			40m	
Exercise Library	Frontal	Caggital	Transverse	T			MaxV	Acceleration	
	Leg Swings R/L	Saggital Cat/Cow Leg	Iron Cross				Underhand Up	Underhand Forward	
	Cossack Squat	Swings F/B RDL	Scorpion		.1				
	Fire Hydrants	Inchworms Bird	Thread the needle	< Choose from the exercises listed here for your warm up>				heeling Chest Throw	
	Jumping Jacks	Dogs Donkey	Upright/Bent Torso Rotations				Overnead DownKi	eeling Overhead Throw	
	Lateral Lunge	Kicks Squats	Lunge w/ Twist			Multi Throws		Standing Chest Throw to Sprint	
	Side Plank	Push ups	Windshield Wipers				MaxV	Acceleration	
Torso Activation Choose from the lists provided to plug into the above template	Side I talik	i usii ups	L Overs	Use the template below to plan your warmups. Then it's easy			Vertical Jump	Alternating Leg Bounds for Distance	
			Shin Box				Depth Jump	Broad Jump	
			Jilli Box	to send to your	team!	Bounds/Jumps	Pogo Jumps	Triple Broad Jump	
		Plank with Donkey KickF	Plank with Reach Under						
		Glute Bridge				The purpose of the warm up:			
	Sideways	Forward	Backward					al of the warm up is to increase body	
	Lateral Shuffle	Skips for Height	Backward Run				temperature, improve the ability of tissues to slide, and to act as a daily movement screen for both the coach		
	Side Shuffle Lunge	Skips for Distance	Back Over the Gate					The coach needs to be watching for	
			ID I LOL!				aberrant movement patterns and the athlete should be		
	Side Low Shuffle	A Skip	Backward Skip						
	Side Low Shuffle Quick Leg R/L	A Skip B Skip	Backward Skip Backward Lunge and Rotate				tuning into their b	ody and making sure they feel primed	
			· ·				tuning into their b for the upcoming environment to in	ody and making sure they feel primed workout. The warm up is also a safe crease some training volume, ground	
Dynamic Mobility	Quick Leg R/L	B Skip	Backward Lunge and Rotate				tuning into their b for the upcoming environment to in	ody and making sure they feel primed workout. The warm up is also a safe crease some training volume, ground improve coordination in specific	

Dynamic Mobility Choose from the lists provided to plug into the template below

Skip Lunge Reach Walking Stretches

	Accel Day Day 1	Extensive Tempo Day 2 -	Gen Strength	MaxV Day 4 Warm Up 2 - MaxV Prep Multi Throws - Pick 1 MaxV*15-30 reps	Intensive Tempo Day 5	General Strength	Rest Day	NA. III. The worker
Week 1	Warm Up 1 - Acceleration Prep Multi Throws - Pick 1 accel throw*15-30 reps	Warm Up 3 - Tempo Prep	Day 3 Warm Up 3	2-3*40m @ 100% [8+ min rest]	•	Day 6 Warm Up 3	Day 7	Multi Throws Acceleration Focus
	3*10,20,30m	Timed Runs 3-4*25sec	General Strength	Multi Jumps 1*10 yards each	3-4*120m	General Strength		Underhand Forward
	[3 min b/t reps; 8 min b/t sets] Multi Jumps 1*10 yards each	[3-5 min recovery] Active Cool Down/Recovery	Circuit*2-3		[10 min rest] Active Cool Down/Recovery	Circuit*2-3	0"	Kneeling Chest Throw
	Matti Sumps 1 10 yards cacii	Active Cool Down/Recovery			Active Cool Down/ Necovery		Off	Kneeling Overhead Throw
Week 2	Warm Up 1 - Acceleration Prep Multi Throws - Pick 1 accel throw*15-30 reps	Warm Up 3 - Tempo Prep	Warm Up 3	Warm Up 2 - MaxV Prep Multi Throws - Pick 1 MaxV*15-30 reps	Warm Up 3 - Tempo Prep	Warm Up 3		Standing Chest Throw to Sprint
	3*10, 10, 20, 30m [3 min b/t reps; 8 min b/t sets]	Timed Runs 3-4*25sec [3-5 min recovery]	General Strength Circuit*2-3	2-3*40m @ 100% [8+ min rest]	3-4*120m [10 min rest]	General Strength Circuit*2-3		
	Multi Jumps 1*10 yards each	Active Cool Down/Recovery	Silvan 2 S	Multi Jumps 1*10 yards each	Active Cool Down/Recovery	Silvan 2 v	Off	MaxV Focus
								Underhand Up
Week 3	Warm Up 1 - Acceleration Prep Multi Throws - Pick 1 accel throw*15-30 reps	Warm Up 3 - Tempo Prep	Warm Up 3	Warm Up 2 - MaxV Prep Multi Throws - Pick 1 MaxV*15-30 reps	Warm Up 3 - Tempo Prep	Warm Up 3		Underhand Back
	Mutti Tillows - Fick Laccet tillow 15-50 Teps			Mutti Tillows - Pick I MaxV 15-30 Teps	1*150m [15 min rest]			Overhead Down
	3*10, 20, 20, 30m	3-4*25sec [3-5 min recovery]	General Strength Circuit*2-3	3-4*40m @ 100%	2*120m [10 min rest] 1*110m	General Strength Circuit*2-3		N. 4
	[3 min b/t reps; 8 min b/t sets] Multi Jumps 1*10 yards each	Active Cool Down/Recovery	55 2.5	[8+ min rest] Multi Jumps 1*10 yards each	Active Cool Down/Recovery	0	Off	Multi Jumps
								Double Leg Foward
Week 4 Recovery Week	Warm Up 1 - Acceleration Prep	Warm Up 3 - Tempo Prep	Warm Up 3	Warm Up 2 - MaxV Prep	Warm Up 3 - Tempo Prep	Warm Up 3		Double Leg Back
,	Multi Throws - Pick 1 accel throw*15-30 reps			Multi Throws - Pick 1 MaxV*15-30 reps	Training of the training of th			Single Leg Forward
	6*30m Drop in Accels [3-5 min b/t reps]	2*20 sec [1:30 recovery] 2*15 sec [1:30 recovery]	Recovery Circuit	2*60m @ 100% [8+ min rest]	Time Trial: 2*150m [15+ min rest]	Recovery Circuit		Single Leg Back
	Multi Jumps 1*10 yards each	Active Cool Down/Recovery	Recovery Circuit	Multi Jumps 1*10 yards each		Recovery Circuit	Off	Single Leg Medial
								Single Leg Lateral
Week 5	Warm Up 1 - Acceleration Prep Multi Throws	Warm Up 3 - Tempo Prep	Warm Up 3			Warm Up 3		
	- Pick 1 accel throw*15-30 reps 3*10, 20, 30, 30m	4-5*25sec	General Strength	Multi Throws - Pick 1 MaxV*15-30 reps 2-3*50m @ 100%	2*150m [15 min] 2*120m	General Strength		Left/Right/Left/Right
	[3 min b/t reps; 8 min b/t sets]	[3-5 min recovery]	Circuit*2-3	[8+ min rest]	[12 min]	Circuit*2-3		Left/Left/Right/Right
	Multi Jumps 1*10 yards each	Active Cool Down/Recovery		Multi Jumps 1*10 yards each	Active Cool Down/Recovery		Off	
Week 6	Warm Up 1 - Acceleration Prep Multi Throws - Pick 1 accel throw*15-30 reps	Warm Up 3 - Tempo Prep	Warm Up 3	Warm Up 2 - MaxV Prep Multi Throws - Pick 1 MaxV*15-30 reps		Warm Up 3		Maximum Intensity
	4*10, 20, 30m	4-5*25 sec	General Strength		2*150m [15 min] 2*120m	General Strength		
	[3 min b/t reps; 8 min b/t sets]	[3-5 min recovery]	Circuit*2-3	1*60m	[12 min]	Circuit*2-3		
	Multi Jumps 1*10 yards each	Active Cool Down/Recovery	10-15 reps each	Multi Jumps 1*10 yards each	Active Cool Down/Recovery		Off	Medium Intensity
Week 7	Warm Up 1 - Acceleration Prep	Warm Up 3 - Tempo Prep	Warm Up 3	Warm Up 2 - MaxV Prep	Warm Up 3 - Tempo Prep	Warm Up 3		
	Multi Throws - Pick 1 accel throw*15-30 reps			Multi Throws - Pick 1 MaxV*15-30 reps				High Intent/Medium Intensity
	4*10, 20, 30m [3 min b/t reps; 8 min b/t sets]	4-5*25 sec [3-5 min recovery]	General Strength Circuit*2-3	2-3*60m @ 100% [8+ min rest]	2*150, 120, 110 [15 min/12 min/15 min]	General Strength Circuit*2-3		Figil Intent/Medium Intensity
	Multi Jumps 1*10 yards each	Active Cool Down/Recovery		Multi Jumps 1*10 yards each			Off	
								Active Recovery
Week 8 Recovery Week	Warm Up 1 - Acceleration Prep	Warm Up 3 - Tempo Prep	Warm Up 3	Warm Up 2 - MaxV Prep	Warm Up 3 - Tempo Prep	Warm Up 3		
	Multi Throws - Pick 1 accel throw*15-30 reps			Multi Throws - Pick 1 MaxV*15-30 reps				
	6*30m Drop in Accels [3-5 min b/t reps]	3*30 sec [4 min recovery]	Recovery Circuit	1*60m [8+ min] 1*70m	Time Trial: 2*150m [15 min]	Recovery Circuit		Complete Rest
	Multi Jumps 1*10 yards each	Active Cool Down/Recovery	nicosvory anduit	Multi Jumps 1*10 yards each	Active Cool Down/Recovery	ricovery directiv	Off	

Strength/Recovery Circuits

Strength circuits are intended to be non-specific training that helps promote movement literacy, joint and tissue health, and addresses movement patterns that are not often seen in sprinting and jumping but can help mitigate aberrant patterns that may arise under suboptimal conditions. The ability of an athlete to achieve full range of motion may not be the deciding factor in a sprint race, but it is a great indication of the athlete's overall health and ability to perform long-term.

We have included in our strength training document an alternative to a general strength day on the track with a general strength day in the weight room.

General Strength Circuit 1

Push Ups 10-20 reps
Squats 10-20 reps
V Ups 10-20 reps
Back Hypers 10-20 reps
Push Up with Clap 10-20 reps
Cossack Squat 10-20 each
Squat Jumps 5-15 reps

General Strength Circuit 2

Stationary Lunges (L-R) 10-20 total
Lunge Jumps (L-R) 6-12 total
Incline Push Ups 10-20 reps
Lateral Squats 10-20 each
Decline Push Ups 10-20 reps
Supine Heel Slides 5-10 reps
4-Way Dead Bugs 10-20 reps
Quad Nordics 5-8 reps
Glute Bridges 10-20 reps

Recovery Circuit

Hurdle walkovers 2 feet between
Hurdle walkovers 1 step between
Hurdle walkovers lateral (L-R)
Over Unders Hip Airplane 3 each side
Foot Clock 3 each side
L-Overs 5 each side
Inchworms 5-10 reps
Dynamic Blackburn 10 reps
Bear Crawls 10-30 yds